

Improved Understanding of the Parameters Involved in Near-surface and Residual-layer NPF Events and Their Representations in Models

Nicholas Meskhidze, Fangqun Yu, and Markus Petters

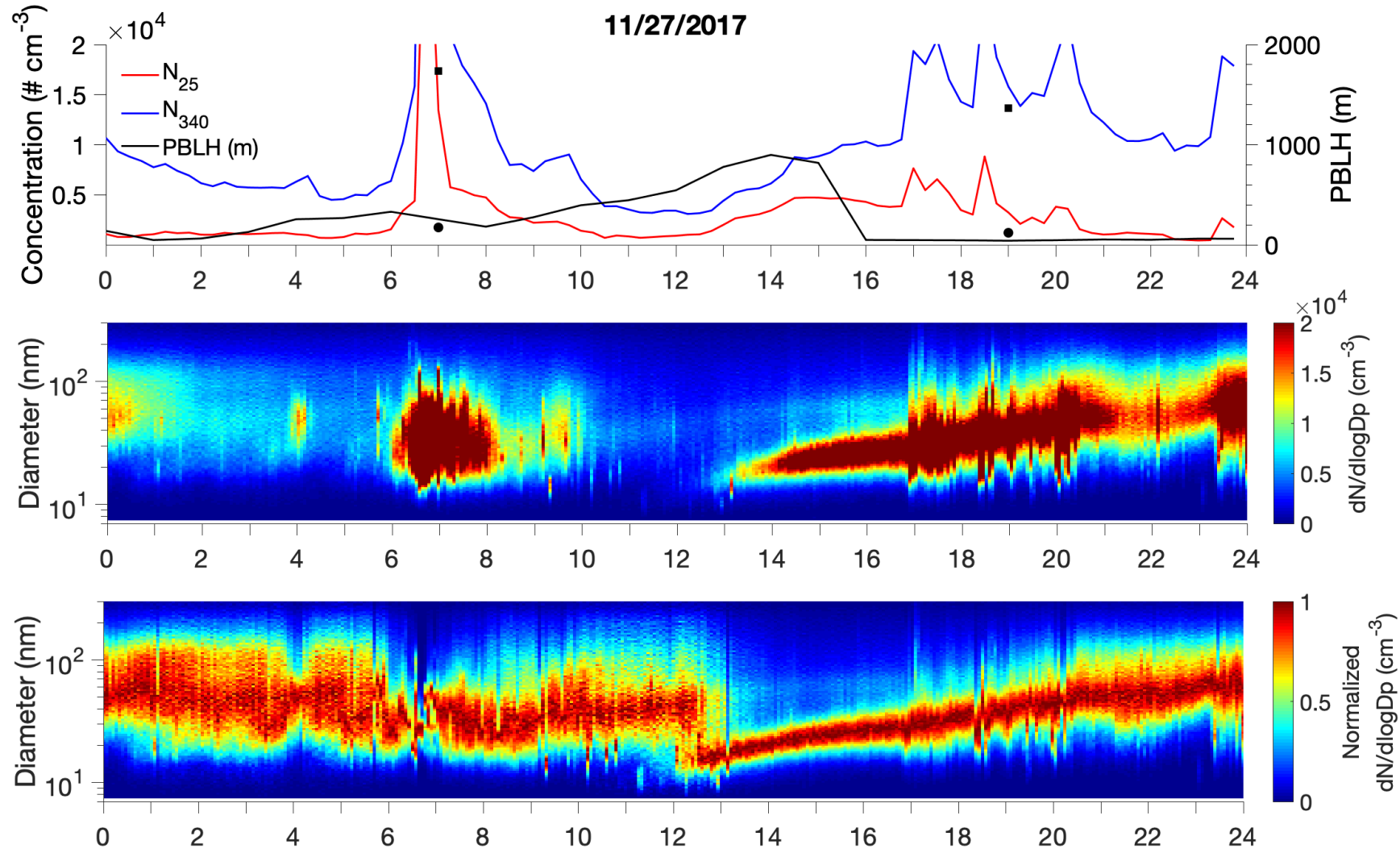


- Q1. What is the contribution of the near-surface and residual-layer NPF-derived particles to the boundary-layer aerosol and CCN number concentration in urban and rural regions of the Southeastern US?
- Q2. Do particles produced through the near-surface and residual-layer NPFs have different chemical compositions and thus related water uptake properties?
- Q3. What environmental parameters need to be improved in the models (like WRF-Chem APM) to capture the number, timing, nucleation height, seasonality, and modal growth rates of NPF-derived particles?
- Q4. Are the gaseous precursor vapors involved in the residual-layer NPF events derived from the remnants of the previous day's local conditions?

Southeastern US is well suited for exploring NPFs

- Persistent and “well behaved” NPFs in Research Triangle Area

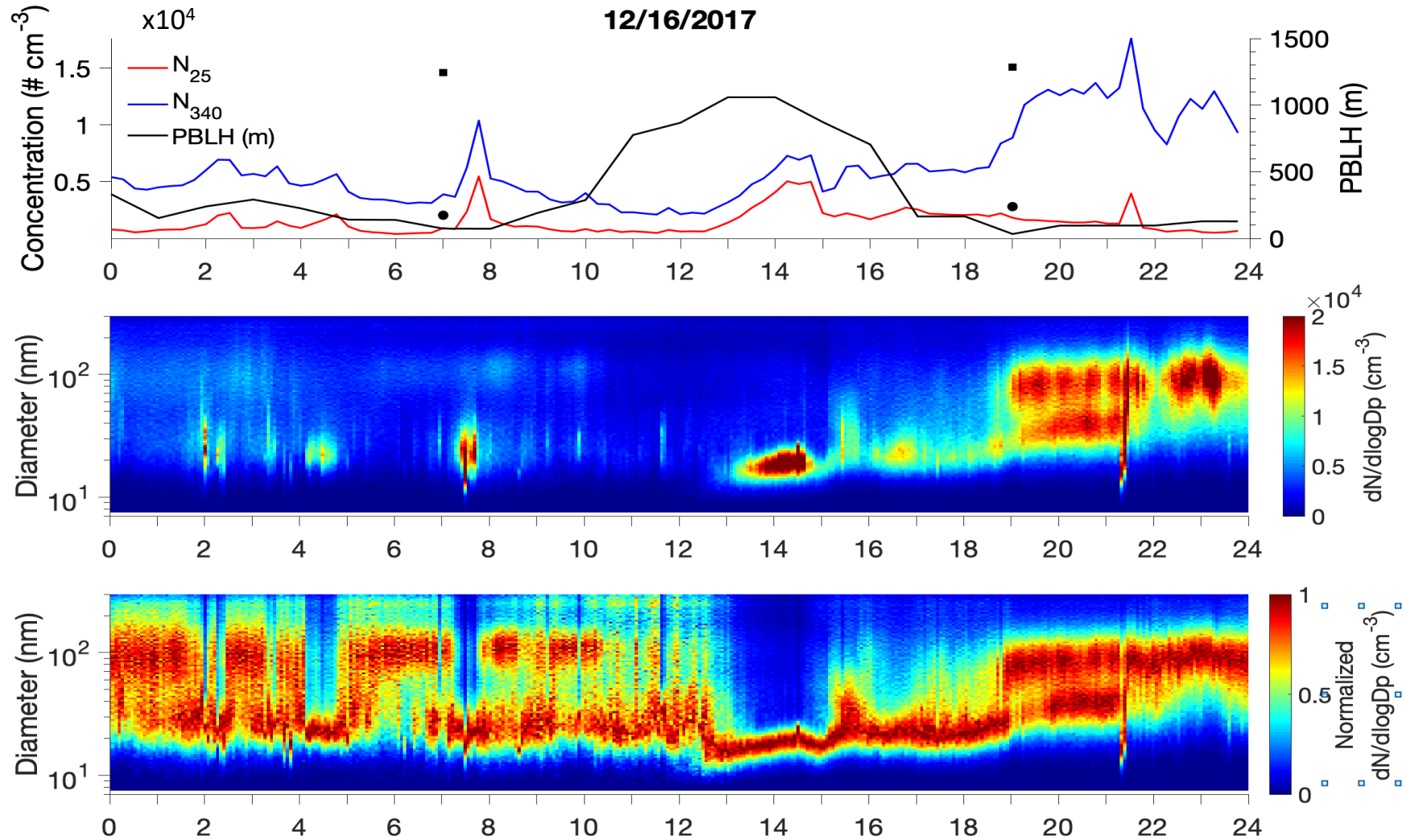
Weekdays



Southeastern US is well suited for exploring NPFs

- Persistent and “well behaved” NPFs in Research Triangle Area

Weekend



Southeastern US is well suited for exploring NPFs

- Particle concentrations and growth rates are comparable to other sites

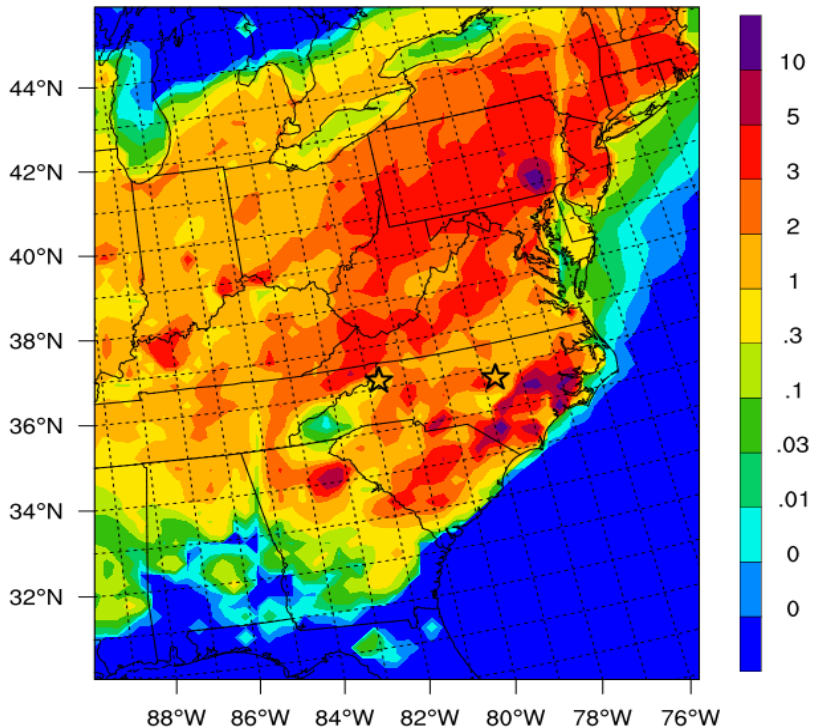
Date	Detection time (LT)	Particle concentration (cm ⁻³)		Growth rate (nm h ⁻¹)
		10 to 25 nm	26 to 40 nm	
11/24/2017	13:00	1.6×10^3	1.1×10^3	2.8 [± 0.95]
11/26/2017	12:00	2.3×10^3	1.2×10^3	2.0 [± 0.92]
11/27/2017	13:00	2.7×10^3	1.0×10^3	3.2 [± 0.73]
12/11/2017	13:30	2.4×10^3	1.5×10^3	3.9 [± 0.67]
12/13/2017	14:00	4.4×10^3	4.1×10^3	2.8 [± 0.95]
12/16/2017	12:00	1.3×10^3	9.4×10^3	1.6 [± 1.19]

Southeastern US is well suited for exploring NPFs

- Frequent NPFs in the Piedmont and few in the Coastal Plane and in the Mountains
- Relatively high highly oxidized organic compounds (BioOxOrg) together with H_2SO_4 & ammonia

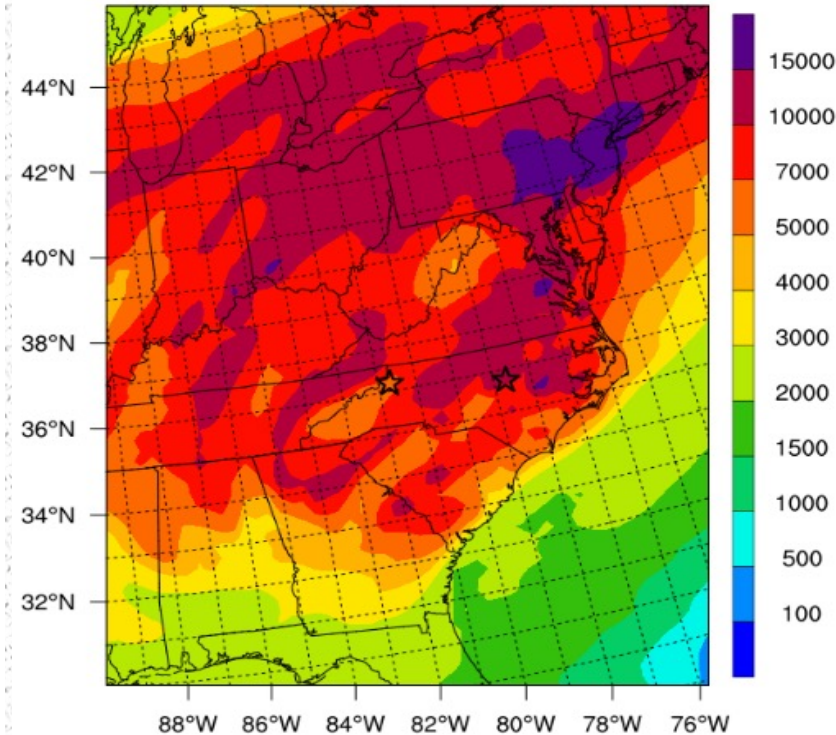
Nucleation rate (J, # $\text{cm}^{-3} \text{s}^{-1}$)

20131115 L1 J (# $\text{cm}^{-3} \text{s}^{-1}$)



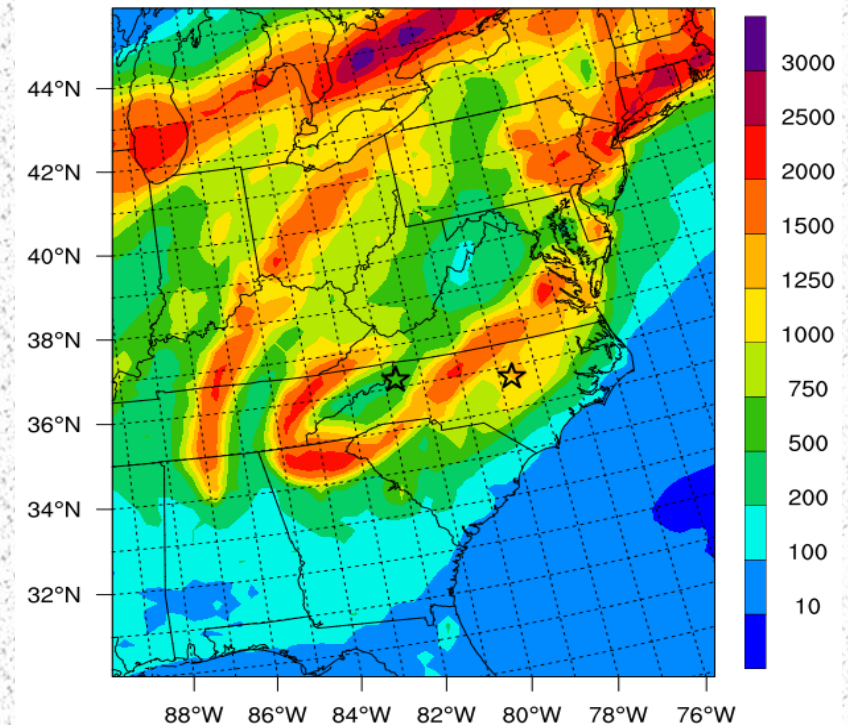
CN10 (# cm^{-3})

20131115 L1 CN10 (# cm^{-3})



CCN (# cm^{-3})

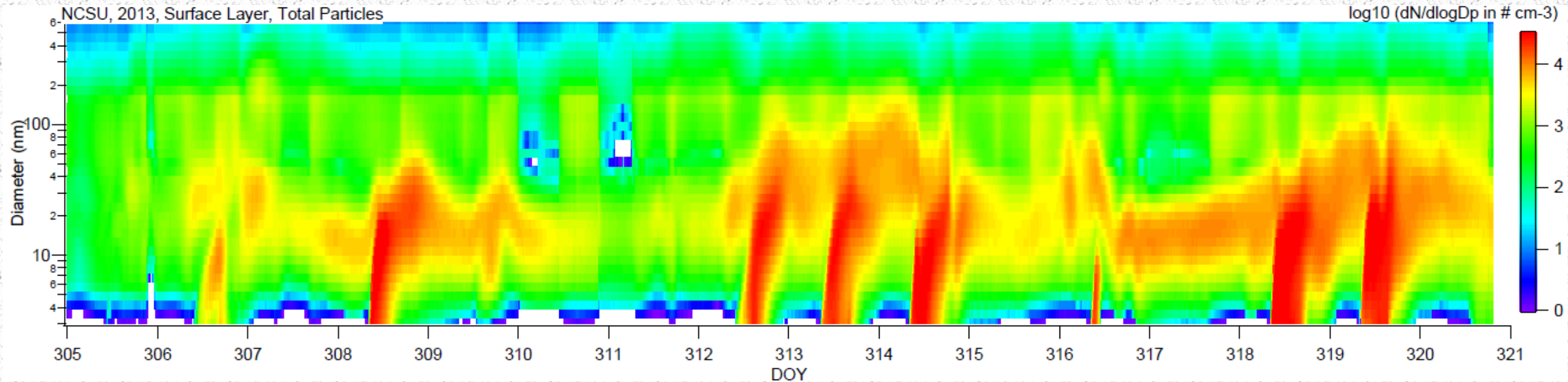
20131115 L1 CCN0.4 (# cm^{-3})



Southeastern US is well suited for exploring NPFs

- Parameters needed for better capturing residual layer nucleation events

Surface-level particle number size distribution for the model grid centered in Raleigh



Discussion Points

- Residual-layer NPFs are real and require more attention
- Southeastern US is well suited for exploring both near-surface and residual-layer NPFs
- Multi-instrumentation and multi-PI campaign could help making considerable improvements to the models